

(Distress Tolerance Worksheets 2, 2a)

STOP Skill



 \mathbf{S}_{top}

Do not just react. Stop! Freeze! Do not move a muscle! Your emotions may try to make you act without thinking. Stay in control!

ake a step back

Take a step back from the situation. Take a break. Let go. Take a deep breath. Do not let your feelings make you act impulsively.

Observe

Notice what is going on inside and outside you. What is the situation? What are your thoughts and feelings? What are others saying or doing?

Proceed mindfully

Act with awareness. In deciding what to do, consider your thoughts and feelings, the situation, and other people's thoughts and feelings. Think about your goals. Ask Wise Mind: Which actions will make it better or worse?

Note. Adapted from an unpublished worksheet by Francheska Perepletchikova and Seth Axelrod, with their permission.

Crisis Survival Skills: TIPP Skills for Managing Extreme Emotions

When emotional arousal is very HIGH!!!!!!!

- You are completely caught in Emotion Mind.
- Your brain is not processing information.
- You are emotionally overwhelmed.

"TIPP" your body chemistry to reduce extreme Emotion Mind quickly with:

<u>Temperature</u>

• Tip the temperature of your face with cold water to calm down fast. Holding your breath, put your face in a bowl of cold water; keep water above 50° F. Or, hold a cold pack or ziplock bag with ice water on your eyes and cheeks, or splash cold water on your face. Hold for 30 seconds.

Caution: Ice water decreases your heart rate rapidly. Intense exercise will increase heart rate. If you have a heart or medical condition, lowered base heart rate due to medications, take a beta blocker, or have an eating disorder, consult your health care provider before using these skills. Avoid ice water if allergic to the cold.



Intense Exercise

• To calm down your body when it is revved up by emotion. Engage in intense aerobic exercise, if only for a short while (10–15 minutes). Expend your body's stored-up physical energy by running, walking fast, jumping rope or jumping jacks, playing basketball, weight lifting, putting on music and dancing. Don't overdo it!

(continued)

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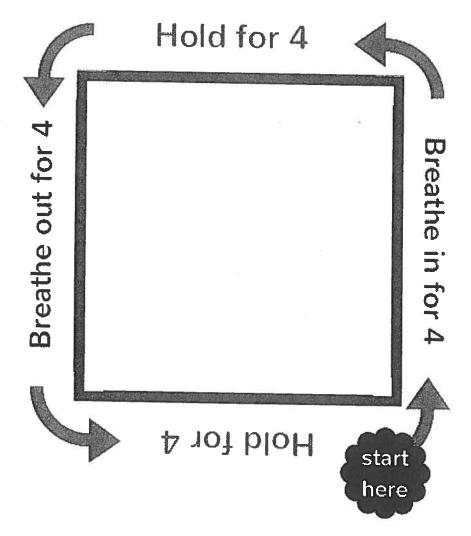
Paced Breathing

• Slow your pace of breathing way down (to about 5–7 in and out breaths per minute). Breathe deeply from the abdomen. Breathe *out* more slowly than you breathe *in* (e.g., 4 seconds in and 6 seconds out). Do this for 1–2 minutes to bring down your arousal.

Progressive Muscle Relaxation

• **Tense and relax each muscle group**, head to toe, one muscle group at a time. *Tense* (5 seconds), then let go; *relax* each muscle all the way. *Notice* the tension; *notice* the difference when relaxed.

SQUARE BREATHING



Start at the bottom right of the square

Breathe in for four counts as you trace the first side of the square

Hold your breath for four counts as you trace the second side of the square

Breathe out for four counts as you trace the third side of the square

Hold your breath for four counts as you trace the final side of the square

You just completed one deep breath!

Crisis Survival Skills: Self-Soothe with Six Senses

VISION

HEARING

SMELL

TASTE

TOUCH

MOVEMENT

Vision

Go to your favorite place and take in all the sights; look at a photo album; zone out to a poster/picture; notice colors in a sunset; people watch.

Hearing

Listen to your favorite music and play it over and over again; pay attention to sounds in nature (birds, rain, thunder, traffic); play an instrument or sing; listen to a sound machine.

Smell

Put on your favorite lotion; use a scented aftershave or body wash; make cookies or popcorn; smell freshly brewed coffee; go to the park and "smell the roses."

Taste

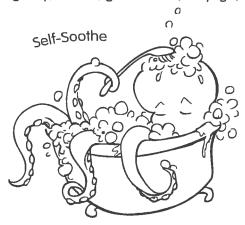
Eat some of your favorite foods; drink your favorite nonalcoholic beverage; have your favorite flavor of ice cream; really notice the food you eat; eat one thing mindfully; don't overdo it!

Touch

Take a long bath or shower; pet your dog or cat; get a massage; brush your hair; hug or be hugged; put a cold cloth on your head; change into your most comfortable clothes.

Movement

Rock yourself gently; stretch; go for a run; do yoga; dance!



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(Distress Tolerance Worksheets 5-5b)

Distracting

A way to remember these skills is the phrase "Wise Mind ACCEPTS."

With	<u>A</u> ctivities:				
 □ Focus attention on a task you need to get done. □ Rent movies; watch TV. □ Clean a room in your house. □ Find an event to go to. □ Play computer games. □ Go walking. Exercise. □ Surf the Internet. Write e-mails. □ Play sports. 	 ☐ Go out for a meal or eat a favorite food. ☐ Call or go out with a friend. ☐ Listen to your iPod; download music. ☐ Build something. ☐ Spend time with your children. ☐ Play cards. ☐ Read magazines, books, comics. ☐ Do crossword puzzles or Sudoku. ☐ Other: 				
With Contributing:					
 Find volunteer work to do. Help a friend or family member. Surprise someone with something nice (a card, a favor, a hug). Give away things you don't need. 	 Call or send an instant message encouraging someone or just saying hi. Make something nice for someone else. Do something thoughtful. Other: 				
With different Emotions: ☐ Read emotional books or stories, old letters. ☐ Watch emotional TV shows; go to emotional funny records, religious music soothing music					
movies. Listen to emotional music. (Be sure the event creates different emotions.)	funny records, religious music, soothing music or music that fires you up, going to a store and reading funny greeting cards. ☐ Other:				
With Pu	shing away:				
 ☐ Push the situation away by leaving it for a while. ☐ Leave the situation mentally. ☐ Build an imaginary wall between yourself and the situation. ☐ Block thoughts and images from your mind. 	 Notice ruminating: Yell "No!" Refuse to think about the painful situations. Put the pain on a shelf. Box it up and put it away for a while. Deny the problem for the moment. Other: 				
With other	er <u>T</u> houghts:				
 Count to 10; count colors in a painting or poster or out the window; count anything. Repeat words to a song in your mind. 	□ Work puzzles.□ Watch TV or read.□ Other:				
With other <u>Sensations</u> :					
Squeeze a rubber ball very hard.Listen to very loud music.Hold ice in your hand or mouth.	☐ Go out in the rain or snow.☐ Take a hot or cold shower.☐ Other.☐				

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(Emotion Regulation Worksheets 9, 14)

Taking Care of Your Mind by Taking Care of Your Body

Remember these as PLEASE skills.

P

1. Treat PhysicaL Illness.

Take care of your body. See a doctor when necessary. Take prescribed medication.

2. Balance Eating.

Don't eat too much or too little. Eat regularly and mindfully throughout the day. Stay away from foods that make you feel overly emotional.

A

3. Avoid Mood-Altering Substances.

Stay off illicit drugs, and use alcohol in moderation (if at all).

S

4. Balance Sleep.

Try to get 7–9 hours of sleep a night, or at least the amount of sleep that helps you feel good. Keep to a consistent sleep schedule, especially if you are having difficulty sleeping.

E

5. Get Exercise.

Do some sort of exercise every day. Try to build up to 20 minutes of daily exercise.

EMOTION REGULATION OPTIONAL HANDOUT 16a

FOOD and Your MOOD

Step 1: Observe how certain foods affect your mood (both negatively and positively).

Negative examples:

- Soda and sugary snacks might make you feel tired and irritable.
- Heavy, fatty foods (e.g., french fries, potato chips, fried chicken, greasy foods) might make you feel sluggish.
- Caffeine might make you feel jittery and more anxious and interfere with your sleep.

Positive examples:

- Complex carbohydrates and fiber (e.g., sweet potatoes, whole wheat pasta, oatmeal, whole-grain cereals, salads) give you slow and steady energy.
- Proteins (e.g., lean meats and poultry, beans, nuts, fish, eggs) also provide your body with steady energy that helps you stay active and strong both physically and mentally.
- Dairy foods (e.g., low-fat milks, cheeses, yogurts) have protein and calcium, which help with energy and bone strength.
- Fruits and vegetables provide you energy, boost your health, and give you a sweet or crunchy treat without zapping your energy or making you feel guilty.
- Once you know what foods make up a balanced diet, you can determine what changes might be needed.

Step 2: Notice whether you are eating too much or too little.

Step 3: Start thinking about changes.

How can you begin to increase the amount of healthy foods you eat? Keep track of your food choices in a food diary every day so you see your progress!

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FOOD and Your MOOD (page 2 of 2)

Step 4: Start small.

Don't try to make dramatic changes to your diet all at once. You may feel overwhelmed, which might set yourself up to fail. Start slowly and gradually to change your habits.

For example:

- Cut down on processed foods and add more fresh foods.
- Add more fruits and vegetables to meals and have them for snacks.
- Add lettuce, tomato, cucumber, and onion to sandwiches.
- Add fruit to cereal.

Step 5: Notice the effects of eating well on your mood.

EMOTION REGULATION OPTIONAL HANDOUT 16b

BEST Ways to Get REST: 12 Tips for Better Sleep

Maintaining a balanced sleep pattern will decrease your emotional vulnerability.

- Stick to a schedule and don't sleep late on weekends. If you sleep late on Saturday and Sunday morning, you will disrupt your sleep pattern. Instead, go to bed and get up at about the same time every day.
- 2. **Establish a bedtime routine**. This might include shutting off screens (TV, computer, cell phone), changing into comfy PJs, sipping herbal tea, lowering bright lights and reducing noise, and reading.
- 3. **Don't eat or drink a lot before bed**. Eat a light dinner at least 2 hours before sleeping. If you drink too many liquids before bed, you'll wake up repeatedly for trips to the bathroom. Watch out for spicy foods, which may cause heartburn and interfere with sleep.
- 4. **Avoid caffeine and nicotine**. Both are stimulants and can keep you awake. Caffeine should be avoided for 8 hours before your desired bedtime.
- 5. **Exercise**. If you're trying to sleep better, the best time to exercise is in the morning or afternoon. A program of regular physical activity enhances the quality of your sleep.
- 6. **Keep your room cool**. Turn the temperature in the room down, as this mimics the natural drop in your body's temperature during sleep. Use an air conditioner or a fan to keep the room cool. If you get cold, add more layers. If you are hot, remove some layers.
- 7. **Sleep primarily at night**. Daytime naps steal hours from your nighttime sleep. Limit daytime sleep to less than 1 hour, no later than 3:00 P.M.
- 8. **Keep it dark, quiet, and NO SCREENS**. Use shades, blinds, and turn off lights. Silence helps you sleep better. Turn off the radio and TV. Use earplugs. Use a fan, a white noise machine, or some other source of constant, soothing, background noise to mask sounds you can't control. No laptops, iPads, phones, or screens for at least 1 hour before bedtime.

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BEST Ways to Get REST: 12 Tips for Better Sleep (page 2 of 2)

- 9. Use your bed only for sleep. Make your bed comfortable and appealing. Use only for sleep—not for studying or watching TV. Go to bed when you feel tired and turn out the lights. If you don't fall asleep in 30 minutes, get up and do something else relaxing like reading books or magazines—NO SCREENS! Go back to bed when you are tired. Don't stress out! This will make it harder to fall asleep.
- 10. **Soak and sack out**. Taking a hot shower or bath before bed helps relax tense muscles.
- 11. **Don't rely on sleeping pills**. If they are prescribed to you, use them only under a doctor's close supervision. Make sure the pills won't interact with other medications!
- 12. Don't catastrophize. Tell yourself "It's OK; I'll fall asleep eventually."

EMOTION REGULATION HANDOUT 16 (p. 1 of 3)



(Emotion Regulation Worksheets 9, 10, 13)

Pleasant Events List

	Working on my car	36. 🗖	Having quiet evenings
2. 🗖	Planning a career	37. 🗆	Taking care of my plants
	Getting out of (paying down) debt	38. □	Buying, selling stock
4. 🗖	Collecting things (baseball cards, coins,	39 □	Going swimming
	stamps, rocks, shells, etc.)		Doodling
5. 🗖	Going on vacation		Exercising
	Thinking how it will be when I finish	42 🗆	Collecting old things
	school	42. C	Going to a party
7. 🗖	Recycling old items	44 🗀	Thinking about hundred things
	Going on a date	44.	Thinking about buying things
	Relaxing		Playing golf
	Going to or watching a movie		Playing soccer
11.	Jogging, walking		Flying kites
	Thinking, "I have done a full day's work"	40.	Having discussions with friends
13. 🗆	Listening to music	49.	Having family get-togethers
	Thinking about past parties	50.	Riding a bike or motorbike
15. 🗆	Buying household gadgets	51, 🔲	Running track
16.	Lying in the sun	52.	Going camping
	Planning a career change	53.	Singing around the house
18 🗖	Laughing	54. 🗀	Arranging flowers
	Thinking about past trips	55. 🗖	Practicing religion (going to church,
20 🗆	Listening to other people		group praying, etc.)
21 🗖	Positing to other people		Organizing tools
22 🗖	Reading magazines or newspapers		Going to the beach
ZZ. L	Engaging in hobbies (stamp collecting,	58. 🗖	Thinking, "I'm an OK person"
23 🗀	model building, etc.)	59. 🗖	Having a day with nothing to do
24	Spending an evening with good friends	60. 🗖	Going to class reunions
25 🖂	Planning a day's activities	61. 🗀	Going skating, skateboarding,
	Meeting new people		rollerblading
27 🗖	Remembering beautiful scenery	62. 🗖	Going sailing or motorboating
20 🗖	Saving money	63. 🗖	Traveling or going on vacations
20.	Going home from work		Painting
	Eating -	65. 🗖	Doing something spontaneously
30. 🗀	Practicing karate, judo, yoga	66. 🗖	Doing needlepoint, crewel, etc.
31. 🔲	Thinking about retirement	67. 🗖	Sleeping
32. 🛄	Repairing things around the house		Driving
33. 🗀	Working on machinery (cars, boats,	69. 🖵	Entertaining, giving parties
	etc.)	70. 🗖	Going to clubs (garden clubs, Parents
34. 📙	Remembering the words and deeds of		without Partners, etc.)
	loving people	71. 🗖	Thinking about getting married
35. 🚨	Wearing shocking clothes	72. 🗖	Going hunting
			J

(continued on next page)

Note. For adults or adolescents. Adapted from Linehan, M. M., Sharp, E., & Ivanoff, A. M. (1980, November). The Adult Pleasant Events Schedule. Paper presented at the meeting of the Association for Advancement of Behavior Therapy, New York. Adapted by permission of the authors.

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EMOTION REGULATION HANDOUT 16 (p. 2 of 3)

73. 🗖	Singing with groups	117. ☐ Acting
	Flirting	118. ☐ Being alone
75. 🗖	Playing musical instruments	119. ☐ Writing diary entries or letters
76. 🗖	Doing arts and crafts	120. ☐ Cleaning
	Making a gift for someone	121. ☐ Reading nonfiction
78. 🗖	Buying/downloading music	122. ☐ Taking children places
79. 🗖	Watching boxing, wrestling	123. ☐ Dancing
80. 🗖	Planning parties	124. ☐ Weightlifting
81. 🗖	Cooking	125. ☐ Going on a picnic
82. 🗖	Going hiking	126. ☐ Thinking, "I did that pretty well," after
83. 🗖	Writing (books, poems, articles)	doing something
	Sewing	127. ☐ Meditating, yoga
85. 🗖	Buying clothes	128. ☐ Having lunch with a friend
	Going out to dinner	129. ☐ Going to the mountains
87. 🗖	Working	130. ☐ Playing hockey
88. 🗖	Discussing books; going to a book club	131. Working with clay or pottery
89. 🗖	Sightseeing	132. ☐ Glass blowing
90. 🗖	Getting a manicure/pedicure or facial	133. ☐ Going skiing
91. 🗖	Going to the beauty parlor	134. ☐ Dressing up
	Early morning coffee and newspaper	135. ☐ Reflecting on how I've improved
93. 🗖	Playing tennis	136. ☐ Buying small things for myself (perfume,
	Kissing	golf balls, etc.)
	Watching my children (play)	137. Talking on the phone
	Thinking, "I have a lot more going for	138. ☐ Going to museums
	me than most people"	139. ☐ Thinking religious thoughts
97. 🗖	Going to plays and concerts	140. ☐ Lighting candles
	Daydreaming	141. ☐ White-water canoeing/rafting
	Planning to go (back) to school	142. ☐ Going bowling
	Thinking about sex	143. ☐ Doing woodworking
101. 🗖	Going for a drive	144. ☐ Fantasizing about the future
102. 🗖	Refinishing furniture	145. ☐ Taking ballet/tap-dancing classes
	Watching TV	146. ☐ Debating
104. 🗖	Making lists of tasks	147. ☐ Sitting in a sidewalk café
	Walking in the woods (or at the	148. ☐ Having an aquarium
	waterfront)	149. ☐ Participating in "living history" events
106. 🗖	Buying gifts	150. ☐ Knitting
	Completing a task	151. ☐ Doing crossword puzzles
	Going to a spectator sport (auto racing,	152. ☐ Shooting pool
	horse racing)	153. ☐ Getting a massage
109. 🗖	Teaching	154. ☐ Saying, "I love you"
	Photography	155. ☐ Playing catch, taking batting practice
	Going fishing	156. ☐ Shooting baskets
	Thinking about pleasant events	157. ☐ Seeing and/or showing photos
113. 🗖	Staying on a diet	158. ☐ Thinking about my good qualities
	Playing with animals	159. ☐ Solving riddles mentally
	Flying a plane	160. ☐ Having a political discussion
	Reading fiction	161. ☐ Buying books
	<u> </u>	

(continued on next page)

EMOTION REGULATION HANDOUT 16 (p. 3 of 3)

 Description <li< th=""></li<>
language 1. Talking on the phone
2. ☐ Composing or arranging songs or music3. ☐ Thrift store shopping
4. □ Using computers5. □ Visiting people who are sick, shut in, or
in trouble

Create Your Crisis Survival Kit for Home, School, or Work

List below 10 "tools" that go into your home crisis survival kit. Choose from your Distract with Wise Mind ACCEPTS skills, your Self-Soothe skills, your IMPROVE skills, and your TIPP skills. Take a shoebox, sturdy bag, or basket and place the relevant items inside: for example, your iPod, a stress ball, your favorite scented lotion or aftershave, picture of your favorite vacation spot, a favorite magazine, a crossword book, herbal tea bags, a favorite piece of candy, a relaxation CD or DVD.

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